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ULTIMATUM SERVED ON HYDE

RESIGN FROM THE EQUITABLE OR BE INVESTIGATED.

President Alexander Gives the Society's Vice-President III This Morning to Decide-The Alternative is That Mr. Alexander Will Demand a State Inquiry Into Elis Management,

For three hours yesterday representatives of all the factions in volved in the controversy over the control of the Equitable Life Assurance Society were in conference with Francis Hendricks, State Superintendent of Insurance, in his office on the twelfth floor of 11 Broadway. Supt. Hendricks had called the meeting with the idea of bringing about a compromise plan of mutualigation of the company.

It proved anything but a peace meeting. The warmest accusations were exchanged between the Hyde faction in the Equitable and its opponents till Supt. Hendricks finally adjourned the meeting.

One of the numers in circulation last night was that at the height of the angry discussion President Alexander made a forms demand on James Hazen Hyde, first vice-president and holder of the control of the society, for his immediate resignation, and served notice upon Mr. Hyde that if he dld not comply with the demand forthwith, he (Mr. Alexander) would at once apply to the Attorney-General of the State to investigate the management of the society while under Mr. Hyde's control.

The rumor had it that after a bitter debate in which Mr. Alexander and his friends adhered to this demand, Mr. Hyde decided to give them an answer when the meeting is resumed. This will be at 11 o'clock to-day.

It was impossible to obtain confirmation or denial of this rumor. Indeed, none of those who took part in the conference would talk for publication of what had occurred there. It was admitted that the discussion was not altogether harmonious, but that was as far as any of the conferees would go.

"We have agreed to say nothing," one of them declared.

The meeting was called for 12:30 o'clock. Vice-President James Hazan Hyde and President James W. Alexander of the Equitable were both present. Each was represented by counsel and each also had with him a member of the society's board of directors who was favorable to his interests in the controversy. Mr. Hyde was represented by Elihu Root as counsel, and President Alexander by ex-Justice William N. Cohen. With Mr. Hyde was E. H. Harriman, and with Mr. Alexander, Cornelius N. Bliss. The policyholders' committee was represented by John D. Crimmins, its president, Henry Morgenthau and E. W. Bloomingdale, with Frank H. Platt as counsel. None of these would even hint at what had happened in the superintendent's

"What occurred is sacred, so far as we are concerned," said ex-Judge Cohen, speaking for President Alexander. "There is absolutely nothing to be said."

was Mr. Root's reply for Mr. Hyde. 'My lips are sealed for the present.' said Supt. Hendricks. When a reporter tried to question Mr. Hendricks further, one of the lawyers who accompanied the the Church board of foreign missions, superintendent threatened to call a police-

Senator Depew did not attend the conference. He readily admitted that nothing had been accomplished, but would say no

Immediately after this conference there was a powwow of the Hyde forces in the Equitable Building. This, was attended by Mr. Hyde, Mr. Root, William C. Gulliver, Mr. Hyde's personal counsel, Senator Depew and others. None of these had anything to say to the public about the result of their talk.

It was not long after the conference had broken up before reports of the hot time there had begun to circulate. What was directly responsible for the outburst between the factions none of the men who took part in the conference would say. That there had been much unpleasantness in the meeting at least two admitted. These said that there was a "general discussion," and offered the explanation that it was not at all extraordinary, in a gathering representing so many different ideas, that there should be some bitterness.

It was made known that the members of the Crimmins committee went into the conference in anything but a harmonious mood. They had had a split in their own ranks, involving a serious difference of opinion between Mr. Crimmins, chairman of the committee, and most of the other members. Mr. Crimmins, it was said, had declared himself in favor of accepting the latest concessions offered by the Hyde party, thirty-three of the fifty-two directors to be elected by the policyholders, and allowing the process of mutualization to extend over two or three years. Most of the other committeemen insisted that the board be mutualized at once.

With Mr. Crimmins there lined up the Hyde forces, represented by Mr. Hyde, Mr. Root and Mr. Harriman. Mr. Alexander, his counsel and Mr. Bliss stood with the other faction in the policyholders'

Meantime, following the admission from the Hyde interests in the controversy. that Mr. Hyde paid the expenses of the dinner given by him three years ago to M. Jules Cambon, the French Ambassador, out of the funds of the society, came another revelation yesterday by a man familiar with the working of the society. According to this man, Mr. Hyde has also carried certain of his friends, employees and servants on the payrolls of the society.

This man said that only the surface of the Hyde control of the Equitable has been scratched so far and that should its workings be laid bare by a thorough in estigation, things will be disclosed that will amaze policyholders.

The man who told of Mr. Hyde and the Equitable payroll put it in this way: "There is a pretty well substantiated rumor that many of Mr. Hyde's associates, personal employees and servants are on the Equitable payroll. In fact, I think I can say there is little doubt that it is so. I suppose the Superintendent of Insurance is her e to look into these things.

"There is no doubt whatever that the gala dinner given by Mr. Hyde at Sherry's in 1902 to the retiring French Ambassador, M. Jules Cambon, was charged to the company. After the charges were brought against Mr. Hyde in the newspapers he undertook to make restitution to the company. When these charges were first made Hyde's friends denied them. Then

they confessed and defended Mr. Hyde by saying that it was justifiable to charge

the bills to the company because it was proper advertising for the Equitable. "Evidently it came home to them that

it would not do to put Mr. Hyde in the position of inviting 260 distinguished guests, including the French Ambassador, to a dinner designed to advertise the Equitable. So this morning they changed their defence. Now they say it was done for the purpose of affecting hostile legislation then pending in France. It might be interesting to know what this legislation was and what will be the effect on such legislation of the exposure of the use to which Mr. Hyde put the French Ambassador. I imagine that Presidents Eliot of Harvard, Hadley of Yale and the other distinguished guests read this morning about the uses to which they were put by Mr. Hyde with

disgust and annoyance. "President Roosevelt wrote a letter read at the dinner, in which he said: " wish I could be with you and meet your distinguished guests.' The President's luck attended him as usual.

"Senator Chauncey Depew said in his speech: 'The relations between France and the United States have been picturesque for one hundred and fifty years.' They never were more picturesque than on this occasion, for the United States had never before used France for advertising pur-

It was also asserted yesterday that although the chief expenses of the costume ball given by Mr. Hyde at Sherry's recently were not charged to the Equitable Society there were certain contingent expenses connected with it which came out of the Equitable funds. These expenses, it was said, no doubt went into the advertising account, which in 1903 exceeded \$700,000. In the same year salaries at the home office of the company aggregated \$1,088,968, out of which Mr. Hyde received one-tenth. representing his salary of \$100,000.

There were numerous reports vesterday that, in spite of the statements of Mr. Hyde's friends to the contrary, he had not refunded all the money paid by him on account of the Cambon dinner. Mr. Hyde and his counsel both continued silent about all these charges.

Rumor that the presidency of the society had been offered to John D. Crimmins, to succeed Mr. Alexander, brought forth these remarks last night from Mr. Crimmins:

"Let me see, there is something like \$80,000,000 of surplus in the Equitable. Not for any part of that sum nor for all of it would I accept the presidency or even a trusteeship. My work on this committee is inspired from purely altruistic motives. expect no reward, and want none."

It was noticeable that directors of the society whose services to the society are regarded as above suspicion were urging yesterday that a full investigation of its affairs should be made at once and the responsibility for any irregularities, if there were any, be placed.

RETORT TO DR. GLADDEN.

He Wouldn't Trust His Deacons With the Ten Commandments, H. H. Rogers Says. H. H. Rogers made a few remarks yesterday in reply to the Rev. Dr. Washington Gladden, Moderator of the National Council of the Congregational Church, Dr. Gladden, in protesting against the acceptance of John D. Rockefeller's gift of \$100,000 to declared that Mr. Rockefeller's wealth had n flagitiously acquired and that the Standard Oil Company manipulated rail-

road rates to suit itself. "Ministers say queer things," remarked Mr. Rogers yesterday. "Dr. Washington Gladden says that everybody knows that John D. Rockefeller has obtained his money dishonestly. With as much reason, I could say that everybody knows that Dr. Gladden would not trust the Ten Commandments for tendays with the deacons of his church. because they would surely break some of

"Slavery in certain sections of the United

them, and bend the rest.

States was legal until President Lincoln's emancipation proclamation. Rebates on railroads were just as legal until the passage of the Interstate Commerce Comm act. After an exhaustive examination by the Industrial Commission, authorized by Congress June 18, 1898, in a review of evidence, the commission reported as follows:
"It has been charged as a matter of
general belief on the part of almost all of
the opponents of the Standard Oil Comthe opponents of the Standard Oil Com-pany that these discriminations in various forms have been continually received, even up to date. On the other hand, these charges have been denied in toto and most emphatically by every representative of the Standard Oil Company with reference to all cases excepting one, which they claim was a mistake, the amount of freight due being promptly paid on discovery of the error. The Standard Oil Company not merely challenged the opponents to bring forth proof of any case, but produced many letters from leading officials of railroads to show that the company had in no case

received any favors or asked for them. SUPREME COURT CLERK QUITS. Another Going-Investigation of the Rec-

ords Proceeding. One of the Trial Term clerks in the Supreme Court has sent in his resignation to the Appellate Division. Another clerk intends to resign in a few days. It was rumored around the County Court House yesterday that other resignations might be looked for within a short time.

An official investigation of the books and jury records of the clerks of the various parts has been going on for some time, and while decisive action is not immediately expected, the army of court attachés would not be surprised to hear of important changes in the clerkships.

Clerk James W. Carroll said yesterday that he had sent in his resignation, but denied flatly that his action is inspired by any investigation. Mr. Carroll used to the restaurant business in Harlem. He says that for the last year or so he has been getting ready to leave his present job and open another restaurant. Carroll and open another restaurant. Carroll says that there is a lot more money in selling food and drink than in being a court

The clerk who says he intends to resign is David Daly. His health has been failing. He said yesterday that his medical adviser had warned him to give up his place some time .go, because of the unsanitary condition of the Court House.

It is only a few weeks since every one of the City Court Trial Term clerks was dismissed for retaining fees which lawyers had unwittingly overpaid. It is not believed, however, that any such drastic purging faces the Supreme Court clerical staff. The clerk who says he intends to resign is

Attachment Placed on Peary's Ship. PORTLAND, Me., March 31.-Gardiner G. beering of Bath to-night placed an attachment on Commander Peary's /rctic ship Roosevelt as security for a lien claim of \$1,800 against the builder, Frederick A. Houghton of Bucksport. A keeper was

placed on board. Ansiet apon having Buranit's Vanilla-Ads. TRY TO BLACKMAIL RICH MEN

THREE MILLIONAIRES RECEIVE THREATENING LETTERS.

Ziegler, the Baking Powder Man, One of Them and James I. Baymond Another -Directed to Leave \$5,000 in a Pail ... There May Re a Woman in the Case.

STAMFORD, Conn., March 31.-An investigation of an attempt to extort money by means of threatening letters from James . Raymond of Strawberry Hill, head of the Vantine importing house in New York, has brought to light similar attempts to get \$5,000 from William Ziegler, the baking powder man, and John T. Williams, a wealthy New York business man, who have country seats here.

"I received one letter that contained a veiled threat and intimated that there would be a demand for money forthcoming," said Mr. Raymond to-night. was a letter such as no one would like to receive. I paid no attention to it at first. Recently something happened which led me to make an investigation. The letter was an imitation of such a letter as an Italian blackhander would be apt to write.

by an Italian. We thought it was a woman's handwriting, but we have not been able yet to pin it down to any one." The letter written to William Ziegler demanded \$5,000. Directions were given that the money be left within a week at Woodside Park, a picnic ground on the

outskirts of Stamford, in a pail hidden

"We are satisfied that it was not written

beneath the flooring. Failure to comply with the demands meant death for Mr. Ziegler, the letter stated. It was signed "Committee," and handwriting experts who saw it said it was the work of an educated Italian. Many Italians worked on Mr. Ziegler's estate at

the time. He placed the letter in the hands of Prosecuting Attorney Carter of Stamford: The Pinkerton Detective Agency's aid was enlisted. Supt. Fields and three men were sent to Stamford and a plant was fixed up for the blackmailers. The local police had already found the pail in the designated place.

One evening about dusk Mr. Ziegler and his secretary, Mr. Champ, drove up to Woodside Park and placed \$25 in marked bills in the tin lard pail. They drove off immediately. Meantime, the Pinkertons lay in a grand stand watching the barn. No one appeared. The next morning

at about 6 o'clock an Italian appeared and was making toward the barn when the owner of the park came in to make repairs to a fence. Later in the day another Italian appeared, but the presence of the proprietor kept them away from the barn. One evening about dusk Mr. Ziegler and his secretary, Mr. Champ, drove up to

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Mr. Ziegler received another letter thanking him for going to the park with the ling him another place would be designated. The police here have learned that the note paper on which the letters were written was purchased at a local stationery store by an Italian.

The letter received by John T. Williams was very much like those sent Mr. Ziegler. He was directed to deposit money in the same tin pail at Woodside Park at a specified time on pain of death. Mr. Williams

turned the letter over to the police. IELNESS CRAZES PILLSBURY.

Chess Champion Tries to Jump From a

Fourth Story Window. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March \$1.-Harry W. Pillsbury, champion chess player of America, attempted to leap from a fourth story window of the Presbyterian Hospital last night while temporarily insane. While he was struggling to escape from several nurses and physicians who were trying to overpower him his wife arrived and calmed

Pillsbury has been a patient at the hospital for a week, although his friends had been kept in ignorance of the fact. A delicate operation was performed last Tuesday, and he has been slowly recovering, although in a highly nervous state. His condition was aggravated by the fact that he feared he would not be well in time to participate in the annual English-American cable chess match which opens on April 15. Shortly after 7 o'clock last night Pillsbury, who had not been permitted to leave his bed, asked for a glass of water. When the nurse brought it to him he said that it was full of "wriggly things." To humor his whim the nurse left the room to get another glass of water. /The chess champion leaped from his bed and followed her. She turned and told him to go back bed. He darted down the corridor toward an open window. The nurse screamed and several physicians and nurses pursued him. They overtook Pillsbury just as he raised the window. A struggle Pillsbury fought with the strength man. Nurses and physicians were of a madman. relaxing their grip on the man's clothes when Mrs. Pillsbury ran down the hallway.

"What's the matter, dear?" she said softly. "Go back to bed, Harry, or you son't be able to play in the chest match." won't be able to play in the chees match."

Instantly he became as tractable as a child. Without a protest he followed his Instantly he became as wild. Without a protest he wife back to his room and climbed into

ADMIRAL EVANS'S FLAG HOISTED. He Believes Admiral Barker as Commander of the North Atlantic Fleet.

PENSACOLA, Fla., March 31.-Fighting Bob Evans to-day assumed command of the North Atlantic fleet, and his flag as Rear-Admiral now floats over the battleship Maine. He relieved Rear-Admiral Albert S. Barker at 9 o'clock, when the flag of the fleet was transferred from the Kearsarge to the Maine. The ceremony was an imposing one and the boom of the saluting guns could be heard for miles.

Admiral Barker spoke feelingly of the service he had rendered the navy during the last twoscore years, during which time he served with Farragut—at a time, time he served with Farragut—at a time, too, where his distinguished successor was also an officer under Farragut's command.

When Admiral Barker left the Kearsarge for shore he occupied the Admiral's gig, which was manned by eight commissioned officers in full dress, and following in line were gigs from every ship of the fleet, containing the officers in full dress uniform, who escorted him to the dock. The flag of Admiral Evans was saluted as it was hoisted.

MENINGITIS DEATH RATE GROWS. A. G. VANDERBILT ARRESTED. Doegors Alarmed at the Figure-Inquiry Committee Meets. The committee appointed to investigate

the causes and spread of spinal meningitis met yesterday afternoon at the Board of Health Building, Fifty-sixth street and Sixth avenue, Dr. W. P. Northrup pre-

The committee discussed the questions on the printed forms which were sent to the hospitals and decided to make no changes. The majority of the forms returned show a belief that the germs are taken in through the nose, and do not reach the spinal cord until they have passed through the brain. The committee positive that many of the deaths attributed to spinal meningitis were caused by some other disease. One member said that, out of five cases examined by him, only two proved to be spinal meningitis. An increase of twenty deaths was reported yesterday. The committee recommended the lumbar

needle is inserted in the spinal column and the fluid drawn out with a small syringe. The increase in the number of deaths from neningitis has been startling. Two weeks ago there was a recession in the weekly ecord of six deaths, and the health officials thought perhaps the high mark had been passed and the death rate would decrease thereafter. But it proved to be merely a

emporary decrease The number of deaths a week from this ause for these last seven weeks is as foiows: 27, 40, 48, 62, 78, 72, 85, with 107 deaths n the first five days of the present week.

STEEL TRUST RAISES WAGES. Increase of 10 Per Cent. Announced for the

Pittsburg District. PITTSBURG, Pa., March 31.-Notices were posted to-night in all of the mills controlled by the United States Steel Corporation in the Pittsburg district announcing a general increase of wages to the men employed in the various departments. The increase will amount to 10 per cent. and will be a part of what was taken away when the reduction was made in wages by the corporation more than a year ago.

In the Pittsburg district alone over 5,000 men will be affected by the increase. t is expected that announcements will be made in New York to-morrow of an increase to all of the employees of the great steel combine. If this announcement is made it will mean that the workingmen of the country will profit to the estent of over \$9,000,000 a year.

The increase was a matter of some surprise to the workmen, who had no intimation of it being even contemplated until a umor to that effect was circulated yesterday. To-day the bulletin boards around the mills were closely watched for the welcome news, but when the day turns quit work at 6 o'clock this evening the notices had not been posted. It was not until nightfall that the announcement was officially made.

EMPRESS OF GERMANY HURT. Falls While Descending a Steep Path in Taermina.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ROME. March 31.-While the Empress of Germany was visiting Taormina, Sicily, to-day she fell while descending a steep path and was quite severely shaken. Her Majesty was accompanied by her sons Princes Eitel and Oscar.

NEW MURPHY CONTRACT CO. To Carry the New York, New Haven and Hartford Improvements.

A subsidiary company of the New York Contracting and Trucking Company was ncorporated yesterday at Albany. This s the company which is controlled by John J. Murphy, a brother of Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader, and Alderman Gaffney.

The new company is to be known as the New York Contracting Company, New Haven Improvement of New York, and is capitalized at \$100,000. The directors are John J. Murphy, E. I. Gaffney, the wife of Alderman Gaffney, and George H. Allison. The Murphy company recently obtained the \$5,000,000 contract for building the obtained six track electric railroad which the New York, New Haven and Hartford Rail-road intends to lay between this city and New Rochelle. It is to do this work that the new company has been formed was done when a subsidiary of the New Contracting and Trucking pany was incorporated to carry out the for the new Pennsylvania terminal. The articles of incorporation of mother company do not provide for railroad constructive work.

"SCIENCE" STUDENT'S TERROR. Woman Follower of Mrs. Eddy Taken to

Believue Psychopathie Ward. Mrs. Byrdie N. Fairfield, 24 years old, of 235 West 111th street, was taken to the psychopathic ward of Bellevue Hospital yesterday afternoon because, her friends aid, the attack of melancholic hysteria from which she is suffering made her too violent at times to be kept at home. She was taken to Bellevue by her mother and her husband, James A. Fairfield, who is a

music salesman. At Bellevue Mrs. Fairfield protested violently that she was a Christian Scientist and that she did not want an operation

and that she did not want an operation to be performed upon her, as it was against her creed. She recalled in her terror an operation performed on her mother. Mrs. Jackson, years ago, and she feared she herself was going to suffer similarly. She was assured in vain that no operation was contemplated.

The only other Christian Scientist in the family besides herself is her motherin-law, the older Mrs. Fairfield.

"My daughter-in-law," she said last evening, "goes to church occasionally and reads a good deal of Christian Science literature, but she cannot be a true Christian Scientist or else this could not happen to her."

Mrs. Jackson explained that her daughter came to New York only six or eight months ago from Nebraska. The noise and bustle here had affected her nerves, she said. WRIGHT FORM SENATOR?

Governor General of the Philippines May Come Home to Make the Race. MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 31.—The report ras circulated here to-day on reliable authority that Luke E. Wright, Governor General of the Philippines, intends coming home this summer or fall and entering the race for the United States Senate against Senator E. W. Carmack and former Governor Bob Taylor of Tennessee. His son, Major E. E. Wright, will neither deny nor affirm the report, although he admits that his father has always had Senatorial aspirations. Gen. Wright is a conservative Demo-

After all, USHER'S, the Scotch that made the ighball famous. It is the best -Adv.

dren Vainty Pleaded With Italian.

ACCUSED OF RUNNING AUTO 18 MILES AN HOUR.

Tells Police Sergeant He Is a Dealer in Rallroads-Incredulous as to Speed -Friend Gives \$200 Ball in Station -Long Chase Before Capture.

Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt was arrested it 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon by Bicycle Policeman Peter Hanlon of the East 126th street station at Lenox avenue and 135th street on a charge of speeding his automobile at the rate of eighteen miles an hour. Mr. Vanderbilt had in the machine with him Monson Morris of 48 West Fiftysixth street and two other men whose names are not known to the police. The party were going up Madison avenue when Hanlon came upon them at 122d street He said they were going like the wind. ouncture as the only sure diagnosis. A He whistled and called to them to stop, but, he said, Vanderbilt kept right on, paying no attention to his commands.

Hanlon followed the automobile to 135th street, where it turned west. When Mr. Vanderbilt reached Lenox avenue he had to slow up on account of the street being torn up and as he did so Hanlon came up and placed him under arrest. He said:

"You have been exceeding the speed imit. I timed you for at least half a mile and you were going at the rate of eighteen miles an hour or more."

"Why, that can't be, my dear man," said Mr. Vanderbilt to the cop. "I don't be-lieve that I was going that fast and it does not seem possible that the machine was making that speed."

"Well, I timed you and you have got to come to the station with me," said Hanlon. Mr. Vanderbilt went to the East 126th street station house. He told Sergt. Lake that he was a dealer in railroads. He gave his age as 27 years and said that he lived at 161 Madison avenue.

"How much bail do you want?" he asked the sergeant. "Two hundred dollars," was the reply, whereupon Mr. Morris stepped up to the desk and taking a roll from his pocket

passed over two \$100 bills to the sergeant. TROOPS SUBDUE WORKMEN. Attempt to Force Release of Their Leaders

nectal Cable Despatches to THE SUN St. Petesseurg, March 31.-That the recent absence of workmen's demonstrations does not denote their pacification is shown by an incident that occurred in the manufacturing quarter, where a large crowd, incensed by the repeated arrests of the workmen's leaders, gathered this afternoon and demanded their immediate release. Police and troops were promptly called and within half an hour the malcon-

tents were surrounded. Seeing that their position was hopeless they dispersed, the police hastening their movements. There were some tussles and a few persons were slightly injured. There was no firing. Several arrests were made.

Further trouble is expected owing to the continued arrests. BERLIN, March 31 .- The Lokal Anreiger says that serious fighting has occurred between the troops and workers at Kutno, Poland. Eight men and three women were killed and several persons

CARRIE SWAIN NOT A WIFE. French Court Says She Was Never Married

to Frank L. Gardner. Special Cable Despatch to TEB SUN. PARIS, March 31.-The court has dismissed the suit of Carrie Swain, formerly an American actress, against Frank L. Gardner, the millionaire racehorse owner, to establish that they were married and to recover \$200,000, ruling that the plaintiff's

evidence was not supported She was forbidden to use Mr. Gardner's name under a penalty of 100 francs each time she did so, and it was ordered that she pay the bulk of the costs of the action. Mr. Gardner's counter claim for damages was rejected, and he was directed to pay one-tenth of the costs.

HE CALLS IT THE "TASTE BUD!

Prof. Wilson Discovers an Organ in the Throat That Repels Anything Sour. CHICAGO, March 31 .- A wonderful dis covery has been made by Prof. J. T. Wilson of the University of Chicago. It is a new organ of taste and he calls it the "tast? Way down in the throat it is located. It is to be found in the larynx, and all over the coating of the passage through the April 16. neck. Experiments have proved that it is just below the surface of the lining.

It is bud shaped. Just what individual function the new rgan has Prof. Wilson does not know. He declares that it repels drink and food having a sour taste, and welcomes those having a sour taste, and welcomes those having a sweet taste. Anything sour or ill tasting that goes down the throat makes the "taste bid" contract. This is commonly known as "lump in the throat." Strong drinks and strong food, the professor declares, are not welcomed by the "taste bud." When a girl or a man eats a sour pickle the new organ dislikes it very much, but when they eat a bonbon it's all right. Scientists consider Prof. Wflson's discovery of the new organ of wonderful value to mankind. Not only do they say that the acience of physiology and anatomy is bene-

science of physiology and anatomy is benefited wonderfully, but that the science of cookery, concoction of drinks, mixture of medicines, &c., will in all probability be revolutionized. The cook who can make good with a new dish to tickle this new organ, the doctor who can develop a new organ, the doctor who can develop a new remedy that will hit the bud in the right marily on the new papilla, will be in great

IN PERIL IN A COAL POCKET. Crippled Man Clings to Swinging Plank

Until Help Reaches Him. Owen Dolan of 516 West Fiftieth street who is employed in Robert Gordon & Sons coal yards, at 134th street and the North River, was lowered in a sling yesterday into a coal pocket eighty feet high to replace a broken plank. While in the sling the nailed a plank across the pocket, and then gave the signal for the men outside to lower a plank six feet long and two inches thick, which he was to put in place of the

old one.

The men lowered the plank too fast and it struck Dolan, breaking his right leg above the knee. He was knocked off the board on which he was sitting astrice, but he seized the swinging plank and saved himself from falling to the bottom of the shaft. He clung on and yelled for help.

Dolan was about ready to drop to the bottom when some of the men climbed up the shaft from the bottom and rescued him. He was sent to the J. Hood Wright Hospital.

LET LITTLE GIRL SUFFOCATE. She Fell Into Biver and Stuck in Mud-Chil-

Several children were playing on a lumber pile at the foot of East 149th street late yesterday afternoon. Three girls teetered on a board which overhung the Harlem River, and when it broke, Annie Schmidt 10 years old, of 454 Mott avenue, fell

The depth was only two feet, but the girl went head first into the mud and stuck there, with her feet showing above the surface. An Italian sat in the lumber yard a few

rods away, and the other children begged him to go and rescue Annie. He told them to run along. Their screams were heard by a negro, who was in a boat 300 feet off shore. He rowed as fast as he could to the shore and pulled the child from the mud, but she was dead.

When Coroner O'Gorman heard about the talian his language was admirably rough. He told the police of the Alexander avenue station to make every effort to find the fellow. They were trying last night also to find the negro, who they thought might know who the Italian was.

AGAINST FRENCH CABLE CO. Venezuelan Court Deeldes That the Concession is Forfeited.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN CARACAS, March 31 .- President Arnal of he Supreme Court this afternoon ancounced the decision in the Government's case against the French Cable Company. He decided that the contract had been forfeited: that the terms of the engagement had not been fulfilled, but decided against Venezuelan Government in an action for damages resulting from the

French Company's acts. It is believed that this decision will bring on a crisis with France.

President Castro's complaint against the French Cable Company was that it had not fully complied with the terms of the concession, and had, moreover, given aid to the insurgents.

PYRAMID HIT BY LIGHTNING. First Occurrence of the Sort Known to History.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN CAIRO, March 31. - The Pyramid of Khephren, otherwise the Second Pyramid. has been struck by lightning and several blocks of stone at the top have been dislodged. It is stated that this is the first time that any of the pyramids have been struck by lightning.

EMPLOYEES TO SHARE PROFITS. 500 Men in the Lane Shoe Factory to Get

6 Per Cent. on Their Stock. The employees in the big shoe factory run by William Lane in Brooklyn are hereafter to share in the profits of that establishment. In accordance with the provisions of the charter of the concern, which was filed at Albany vesterday by Bond & Babson of 27 Pine street, who incorporated it, the \$250,000 capital is to consist of common stock and of "employees' cooperative preferred stock." the latter to draw cumulative annual dividends at the rafe of 6 per cent. There are upward of 500 employees among whom this stock will be distributed. Fach employee agrees upon receiving it to allow the company to redeem his stock should be leave its The directors of the concern, which is to be known as William Lane, are William Lane, William Lane, Jr., Francis G. Delbon, Florence G. Donovan and Walter H.

Bond.

GRAND DUKE BORIS TO WED. Notorious Russian Reported Engaged to Duchess of Saxe-Coburg's Daughter.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN St. Petfssburg, March 31.-Grand Duke Boris has abandoned his intention to return to the Far East. He has gone to the Riviera with the Duchess of Saxe-Coburg, whose daughter, it is understood, he will marry

COULDN'T ERECT PULPIT SUNDAY. Dr. Parker Wouldn't Allow It, So the 23d

Has No Religious Services. The annual religious services of the Twenty-third Regiment of Brooklyn have been indefinitely postponed because of the opposition of the chaplain, the Rev. Dr. Lindsay Parker, rector of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church, to having the platform erected on the Sabbath. The services were scheduled to take place in the Bedford avenue armory on Sunday,

On the night of April 15 there is to be a review of the regiment followed by dancing, and as a result the rector discovered that the men would have to work all Sunday morning to put up the necessary platform He at once vetoed the proposition to hold the services on that date. The following nday was suggested, but as that is Easter Sunday the chaplain could not officiate.

SAVED DROWNING CHILD.

she Floated in Spite of Scrap Iron in Her Hand Until Men Swam to Her. Seven-year-old Birdie Fortner of 2211 Third avenue was walking along the stringpiece under the Third avenue bridge over the Harlem River yesterday, picking up

scrap iron, when she fell overboard. George Turnelli of 665 Cauldwell avenue and W. P. Hines, a laborer, were on a schooner moored not far away. When the tide carried the little girl near enough to the schooner, they both jumped in after her. Turnelli swam out and caught her by the hair as she was going down. The two men got her ashore.

two men got her ashore.

When she was fished out of the water
Turnelli said that she still had the pleces of scrap iron in her hand. She was none the worse for her dip.

FIRE ENGINE BELLS SILENT.

Audience in West End Theatre Hardly Knew of Alarm Across the Way. Some boys got into a vacant lot opposite the West End Theatre in West 125th street at so'clock last night and made a bonfire. Some one turned in a fire alarm. George Blumenthal, the manager of the theatre, saw the fire, and eent his ushers out to tell the fire engine drivers not to ring their

The engines drove up quietly, and the and the engines grove up quietly, and the firemen put out the blaze with the chemical engine in a few minutes. The people in the theatre did not know there was an alarm outside until the driver of a water town rang his gong several times. Then some people began leaving their seats, but when they learned that the fire was even they went hey learned that the fire was over they went

THREE-DAY WASHINGTON TOUR Via Pennsylvania Railroad, April 6, visiting leading points of interest at the National Capital. Rate covery g necessary expenses, \$12.00 or \$14.00, according to hotel celected. See the 4 agents 45. PRICE TWO CENTS.

SMITHS FIGHT EXTRADITION NAN PATTERSON'S RELATIVES

GET HABEAS CORPUS WRIT.

Counsel Tells Court About Jerome Sweats ing Process-Police Prosecutor Brops the Case-Lawyers Call Names-How

Prisoners Were Caught-Money Mystery

CINCINNATI, March 31 .- Attorney Thomas S. Shay of Shay & Cogan appeared before Judge Samuel W. Smith of the Probate Court late this afternoon to resist by habeas corpus proceedings the extradition of Joseph Morgan Smith and his wife, who have been arrested here in connection with the death of the horseman Cæsar You by shooting in a cab with the actress Nan Patterson on June 4 last. Judge Smith set next Monday morning at 10 o'clock for the hearing in the habeas corpus proceedings.

Attorney Shay was quite heated in his declarations to the Court in support of his motion. He said there was an attempt, a plot on the part of District Attorney Jerome and his staff, to kidnap his clients, to "railroad" them to New York and there to inflict upon them the Jerome "sweating" process, which process, Mr. Shay declared, was more cruel by far, he believed, than any of "the famed inquisition of the thirteenth century, or thereabouts" could possibly have invented or installed in castles, dungeons and the like. He felt convinced that the old time rack was not to be considered for a minute as a terrible torture in comparison with Jerome's ingenious contrivances. His clients, he contended, were neither criminals nor fugitives from justice.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith met for the first time since yesterday when, this afternoon, they were allowed to consult with Mr. Shay in Chief of Police Milliken's private offices Detective E. J. Quinn arrived this afternoon from New York and said his special object was to formally identify Mr. and Mrs. Smith. Smith refused to leave his cell for inspection by Quinn, as his attorney ad instructed him to say and do nothing without first consulting him. Two big detectives promptly shoved the struggling Smith out into the open. Quinn readily identified both of the Smiths.

County Prosecutor Hiram Rulison, who had been requested this morning by telegraphic message from Jerome to look out for the interests of the State of New York in the case, and Police Prosecutor Scott Holmes had a squabble over who should act in that capacity this afternoon. Rulison as a result tore up the affidavit he had prepared and said he would report the matter to Jerome. Rulison also repeatedly averred to Holmes that the latter was "nutty,"

Holmes replying in kind. Sergeant of Detectives Robert McNaught of New York arrived here to-night with the requisition papers properly signed by the Governors of New York and Ohio, but found nothing could be done until Monday. Chief of Police Miliken says to-night that tiltler these proceedings he is bound in law to hold the "bodies" of the prisoners under any and all circumstances pending

the decision in court. Word was received at the District Attorney's office last evening concerning the writ of habeas corpus secured by the Smiths in Cincinnati. As soon as this information was received, Assistant District Attorney Garvan started for Cincinnati to rep

Mr. Jerome. All the preliminaries have been arranged for the extradition of the Smiths. Yesterday morning Gov. Higgins issued the necessary requisition papers. They were immediately handed to Detective Sergeant McNaught in Albany, and he started for Columbus, Ohio. McNaught notified the District Attorney's office last night that he had arrived in Columbus and Gov. Herrick had issued the warrant to bring the Smiths on here. McNaught said he would start

at once for Cincinnati. It was learned yesterday what the District Attorney proposes to do when the Smitha are brought here. Smith will be arraigned before Judge Newburger on the indictment charging him with contempt. Smith was indicted for contempt when he vanished after having been subposnaed for the Grand Jury a few days before Nan Patterson was

indicted for the murder of Young. It turns out that a friend of a friend of Mr. Rand had a good deal to do with the arrest of the Smiths. He saw them in Cleveland hotel and notified Mr. Rand friend. The friend passed along the word to Mr. Rand. A private detective agency had been following the Smiths, but its men had temporarily lost track of them. . The agency immediately sent two of its men from Montreal and thereafter the Smiths were always under surveillance.

Most of the time there were four men employed watching the Smiths. It is said that they were not particularly pleased with the job. As soon as they got friendly with Smith he is said to have found it convenient to get small loans from them. The sleuths were always assured that it was only a temporary loan.

Reports from Cincinnati yesterday that Smith had promised to make it uncomfortable for some well known men if he was brought back were not explained at the District Attorney's office. No one in the District Attorney's office seems to know where the Smiths got the money to carry them around this country and Canada

for almost a year. Hyman Stern, the Sixth avenue pawnbroker who sold the pistol with which Young was killed, is not going to Cincinnati. Mr. Rand got into communication with Stern yesterday and he will be on hand to have a look at the Smiths when

they are brought back. The capture of the Smiths makes a material change in the plan of the District Attorney's office for the second trial of Nan Patterson. For the last ten days Messrs. Rand and Garvan have been going over the case to be ready for the second trial. As the Smiths are defendants, they cannot be used as witnesses by the prosecution, but they may be used in other ways.

MRS. STANFORD'S WILL. Leaves 84,000,000 to Relatives—University the Residuary Legatee.

SAN JOSÉ, Cal., March 31 .- The will of Mrs. Leland Stanford was admitted to probate to-day. By its terms \$2,000,000 is probate to-day. By its terms \$2,000,000 is left in trust to Ariel Lathrop and the descendants of D. S. Lathrop, her brother; \$1,000,000 in trust to her nicoes, Jennie L. Lawton and Amy L. Hanson, and the children of Christine L. Gunning; \$1,000,000 to Charles G. Lathrop, \$125,000 to various charitable institutions of San Francisco and San José, and the remainder of her estate to the trustees of Leland Stanford, Jr., University.